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### DEFINITIONS

Dissidence is a state of mind involving discontent or disaffection with the regime. Dissident individuals become potential resisters when they perceive an alternative to their present status and are willing to accept reasonable risks to achieve it.

Resistance is any act of opposition or expression of hostility directed against the de facto authority by a member or members of the domestic population with a view to displacing that authority or causing a modification in its objectives and means of attaining them.

Organized resistance is carried out by a group of any size which has accepted a common purpose, agreed on leadership and worked out a means of communication.

Unorganized resistance is carried out by individuals either acting separately or in loose association with other individuals for certain limited objectives without overall plan or strategy.

Active resistance is the performance of acts against the regime, which expresses itself by intelligence collection, psychological warfare, sabotage, guerrilla warfare, escape and evasion, open defiance of authority and preparatory activity for any of the above acts. It may or may not involve violence and may be conducted openly and clandestinely.

Passive resistance is conducted within the framework of the resister's normal life and duties, and involves deliberate nonperformance or malperformance of acts which would directly or indirectly benefit the regime, or deliberate nonconformity with standards of conduct established by the regime.

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